Net-Zero Energy Infrastructure for Detroit's Future Public Realm

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In 2010, the design team modestly claimed that we could make Southwest Detroit the first 'net zero energy' community in Michigan, meaning they could gain the entirety of their electrical, thermal and transportation energy needs from renewable sources. We were awarded one of five national grants in the Ford College Community Challenge to partner with Southwest Detroit through the Southwest Detroit Development Collaborative, and spent the next two years proving it could be achieved! Working with a diverse faculty team from the College of Architecture and Design and College of Engineering, students played an important role as Research Assistants/ Designers on the project.

For the project, the design team:

- Established an overall goal to create the Detroit region's first 'net zero energy' community - meaning that SWD will produce more energy (through alternative sources) than it consumes.
- Leveraged the community's assets and current "green" community initiatives, planning and design in support of the overall goal.
- Embraced a holistic and systemic approach to the design project, and defined five (5) elements [Density, Urban Mobility, Alternative Energy, Public Realm and Green Economy] which define a Sustainable Community.

We worked in Southwest Detroit, a 12,450 acre, 19.45 square mile neighborhood located

on the Detroit River, the international border with Canada and at the junction of major highway and rail infrastructure. Southwest Detroit is characterized by new immigration and population growth, a cogent cultural heritage, large employment centers, rich "blue, green and gray" infrastructure and cultural and historic sites. Southwest Detroit enjoys a vibrant commercial base and is served by highly skilled advocacy and longstanding, effective community-based development organizations, 25 of which recently organized under the umbrella organization of the Southwest Detroit Development Collaborative [SDDC].

The design team made recommendations on how existing community initiatives can use vacancy, alternative energy solutions, density, natural systems and community empowerment to create a sustainable community. The design team also focused on leveraging and enhancing the neighborhood's assets and blue, green, gray and white infrastructure networks to inform the future urban form of the neighborhood.

After meeting with the community and local contributors we designated 3 primary 'HUBS'. These HUBS were influenced by our previous research on density in Southwest, our LEED ND analysis, and our observation of the concerns and interests within the community. The design team called this new geography "Energy/Density Hubs" and identified four: Michigan Central Station+vicinity (leveraging a convergence of density and infrastructure); Woodmere/Springdale neighborhood (leveraging community development initiatives), the Detroit Intermodal Freight Terminal [DIFT]/Bow Tie area (leveraging the significant transportation investment in the neighborhood) and the Condon Neighborhood-Livernois/Tireman area (leveraging concentrations of vacant land and diverse partnerships).

NET ZERO ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE FOR DETROIT'S FUTURE PUBLIC REALM

